



# ESnet

ENERGY SCIENCES NETWORK

## Programmable Per-Packet Network Telemetry: From Wire to Kafka at Scale

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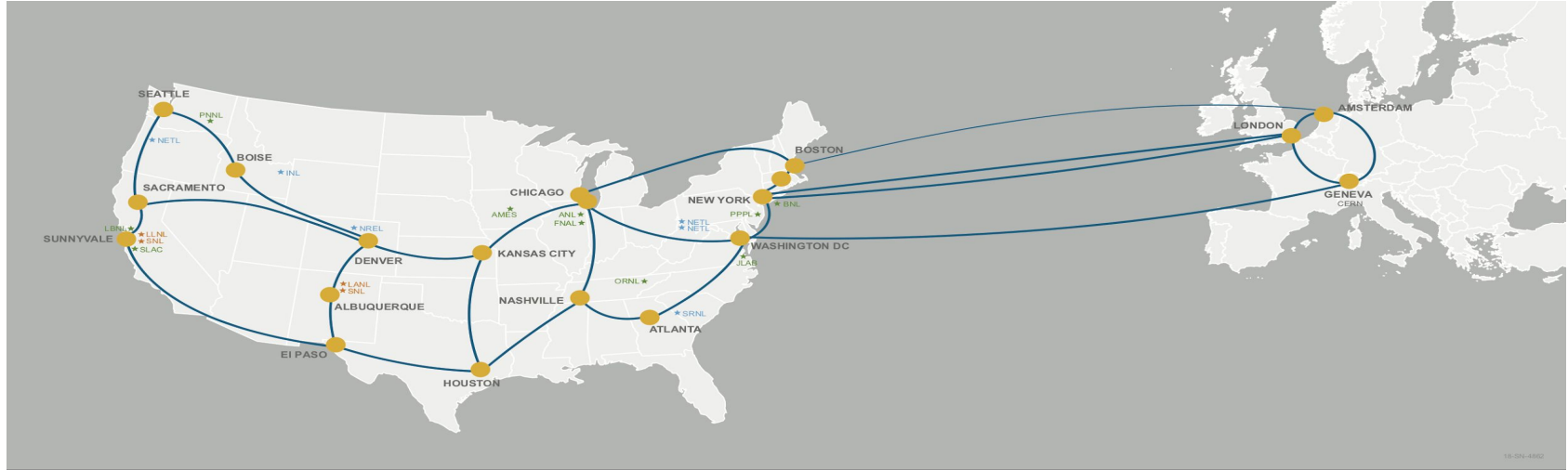
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SNTA '21, June 21, 2021, Virtual  
Event, Sweden



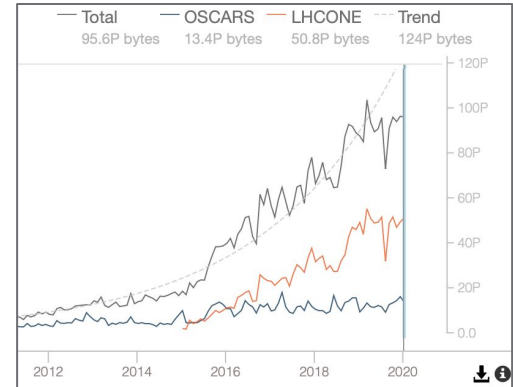
# ESnet: DOE's high-performance network (HPN) user facility optimized for enabling big-data science



ESnet provides connectivity to all of the DOE labs, experiment sites, & supercomputers

# Increasing Need for Programmability

- ESnet's traffic, user-base and the experiments continue to grow in a fast pace
- Computing and data model are also evolving, requiring:
  - fine-grained visibility in real-time
  - application-specific traffic handling
  - programmable, in-network services
- Needs not addressed by existing measurement mechanisms (sampled, aggregated, delayed)
- High Touch Services created to fulfill these needs



Live ESnet usage statistics: [my.es.net](https://my.es.net)  
Total carried: Exabyte/year.

# Hightouch Server Hardware



2x100G  
Ethernet



- 4 Xilinx U280 FPGA Card
- 2x100G Ethernet QSFP-28
- Custom Logic for Flow Tracking

- High End Server
- Dual Socket, Fast Storage
- Hosts Hightouch Application

# ESnet Network Packet Telemetry Data

- SNMP
  - All interfaces, 30 seconds poll interval
  - Primary use: failure detection, traffic visualization:  
<http://my.es.net>
  - Data rate: 4000 interfaces => **130 events per second**
- Netflow / IPFIX
  - All interfaces, packets sampled 1:1000
  - Primary use: capacity planning (offline)
  - Raw data rate: ~ **6500 events per second**
- High Touch Services
  - Selected interfaces and flows, 1:1 packet to telemetry
  - Primary use: high-precision telemetry
  - Raw data rate: ~ **1 to 8 million events per second** for a single interface

Telemetry	Raw Data Rate Per Second
SNMP	130
Netflow / IPFIX	6500
High Touch Services	1 - 8 M

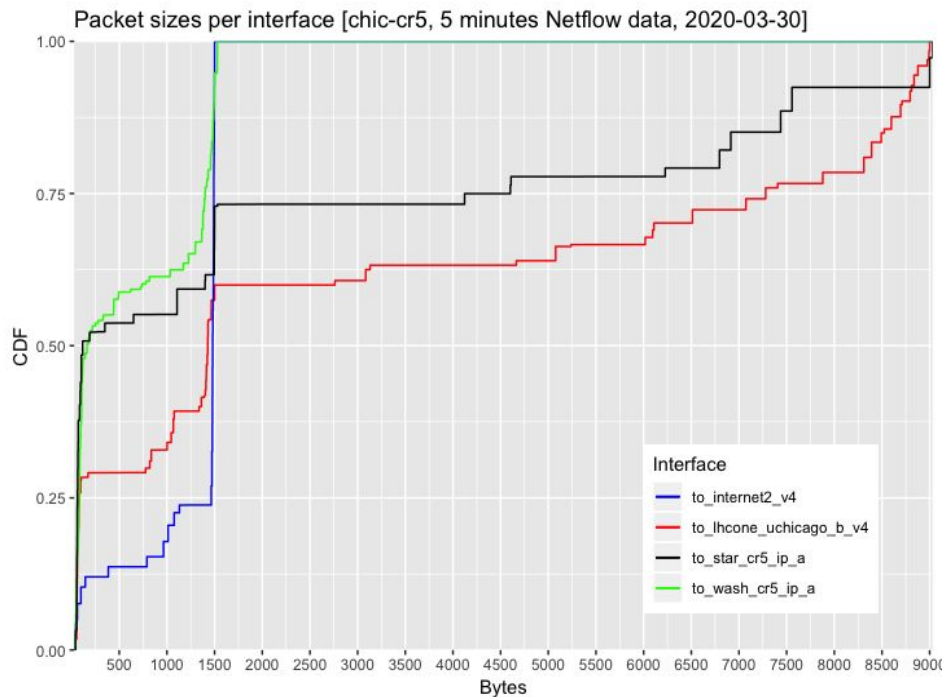
*Telemetry Data Rates*

# Per-Packet Data Rates

- Packet size depends on:
  - MTU
  - Application (science vs http)
  - Average for science traffic: ~1500B
- Traffic rate at ESnet at any time:
  - All traffic: O(1Tbit/s)
  - Large customers: O(100Gbit/s)

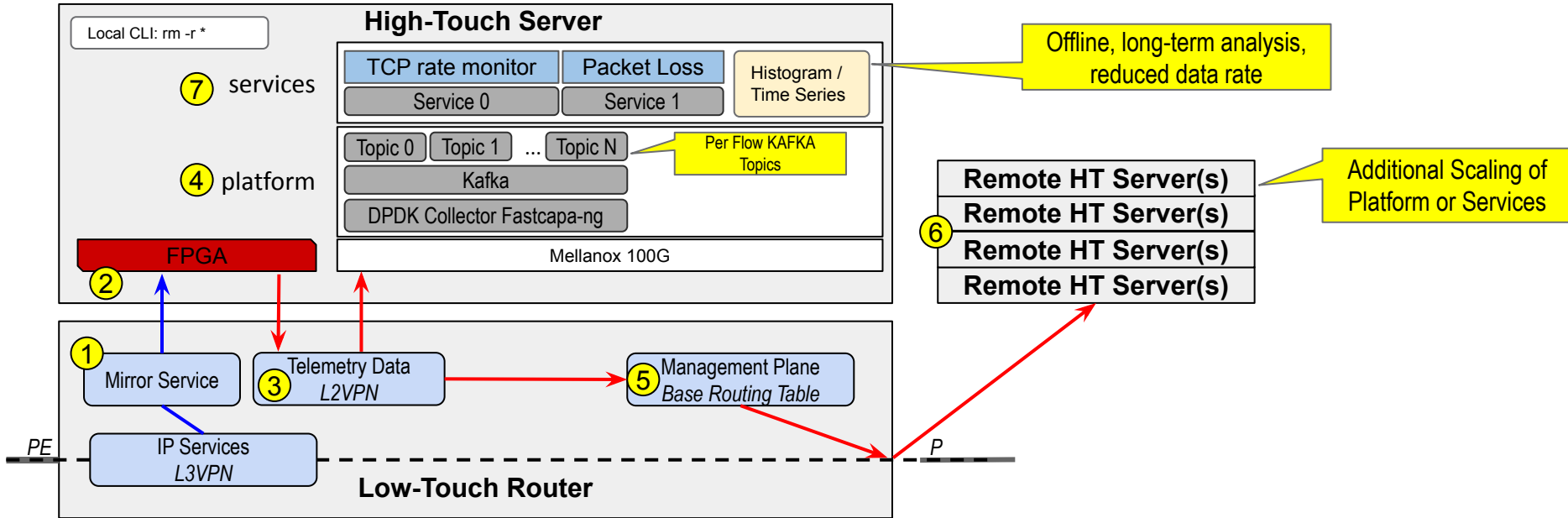
Packet size	Rate	Telemetry PPS	Telemetry Rate
1500B	10Gb/s	812K	1,079Mb/s
1500B	100Gb/s	8,127K	10,790Mb/s
9000B	10Gb/s	138K	183Mb/s
9000B	100Gb/s	1,383K	1,833Mb/s

*Telemetry Packet Rates*



*Estimated packet sizes in production*

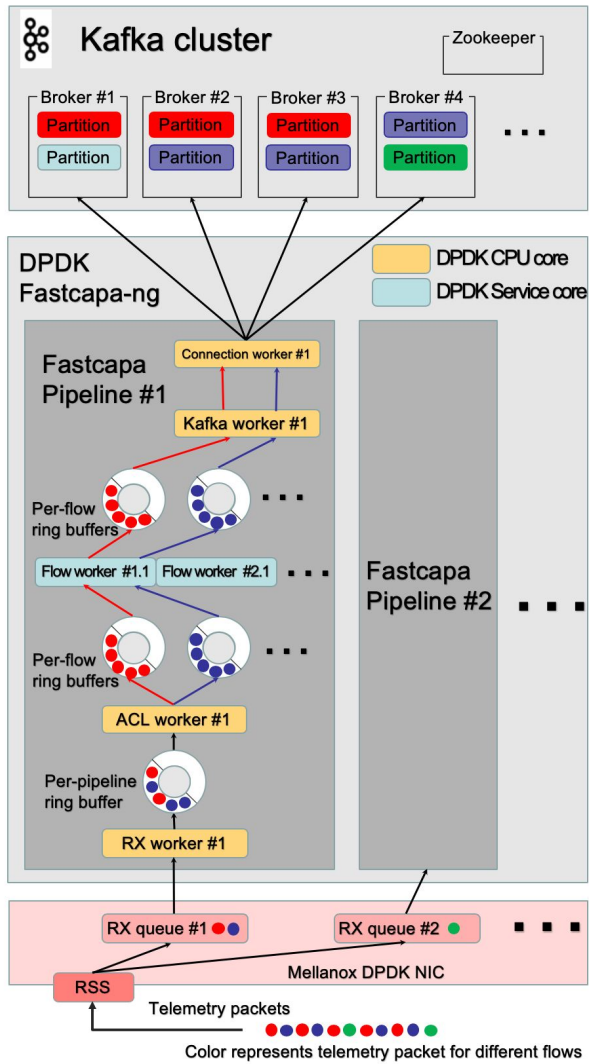
# ESnet6 High-Touch Architecture Overview



1. Mirror Service - Allows selective flows in the dataplane to be duplicated and sent to the FPGA for processing.
2. Programmable Dataplane (DP) - Appends meta-data, timestamps and repackages packet for transmission to Platform code.
3. Telemetry Data L2VPN - Connect Dataplane and Platform, possibly on different High-Touch Servers.
4. Platform - Reads telemetry packets from the network and distributes information to High Touch Services.
5. Management Plane Base Routing Table - Provides connectivity to Remote Servers.
6. Remote Server - Hosts Platform components or Services (but not a Dataplane). Telemetry data can be directed to Remote Servers.
7. Service - Reads data from the Platform and performs real-time analysis as well as inserts selected telemetry data into database.

# Fastcapa-ng

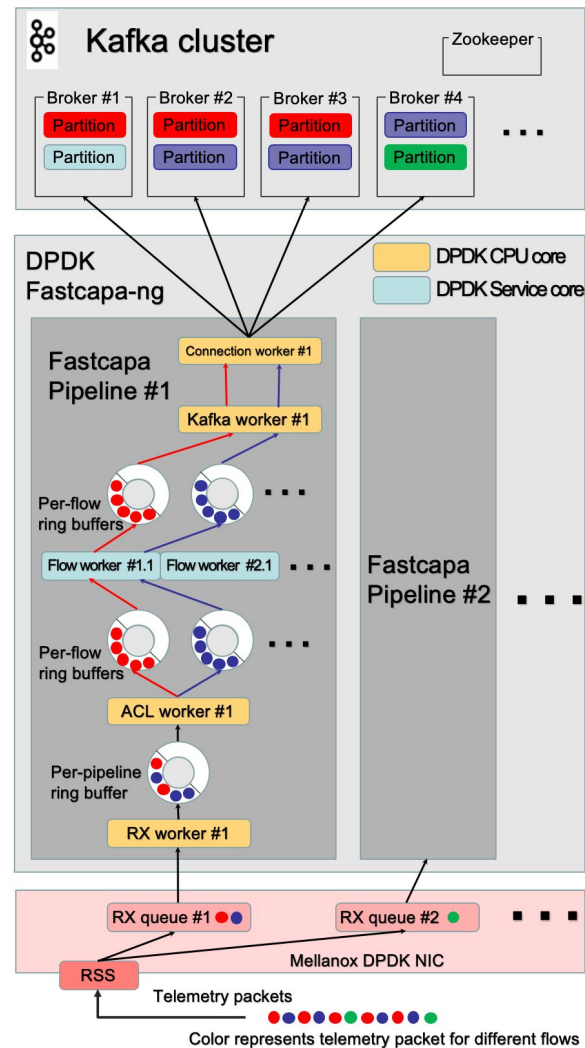
- ESnet-developed software (C / DPDK)
  - Based on [Apache Metron Fastcapa](#)
  - Uses DPDK: fast packet processing API
  - Primary functions: telemetry processing, batching, filtering, aggregation, forwarding
- **Design goals:**
  - Packet order preservation
  - High-performance Kafka handling
  - Easy programming
- **Multi-pipeline** design for scalability, each pipeline can handle TCP flows from single 100G link.
- **Multi-stage** design for performance, each packet will be processed by 5 CPUs in series.





# Fastcapa-ng Internals

- **Dedicated Kafka connection**
  - maintain TCP connection, message compression task
- **Kafka worker**
  - Combine multiple telemetry packets into large kafka messages
- **Flow worker (service cores)**
  - process flows using different function:
    - Passthrough
    - Sampling
    - Histogram
    - (more under development)
  - Flexible N to M mapping of flow to service cores.
- **ACL worker**
  - classify flows and send them to dedicated rings.
- **RX worker**
  - pull packet into ring buffers
- **RX queue**
  - NIC dma packets into memory
  - RSS (Receive Side Scaling) applied



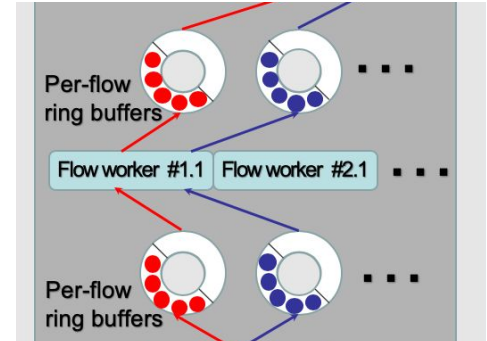
# Flow Worker (Service Cores)

```
108 /**
109  * This is sampling worker for service-core function.
110  * A sampling rate is defined for the flow processed by this worker.
111  */
112 static int sampling_worker(void *args)
113 {
114     service_params *params = (service_params*) args;
115     unsigned nb_in, i;
116     unsigned nb_out= 0;
117     const unsigned int flow_burst_size = params->flow_burst_size;
118     struct rte_ring *input_ring = params->input_rings[params->ring_id];
119     struct rte_ring *output_ring = params->output_rings[params->ring_id];
120
121     // dequeue packets from the ring
122     struct rte_mbuf* pkts[flow_burst_size];
123     nb_in = rte_ring_dequeue_burst(input_ring, (void*) pkts, flow_burst_size, NULL);
124
125     if(likely(nb_in > 0)) {
126         params->stats.in += nb_in;
127
128         for(i = 0; i < nb_in; i++){
129             if(params->sampling_counter == 0){
130                 rte_ring_enqueue(output_ring, pkts[i]);
131                 nb_out ++;
132             }
133             else{
134                 rte_pktmbuf_free(pkts[i]);
135             }
136             params->sampling_counter = (params->sampling_counter + 1) % params->sampling_rate;
137         }
138         params->stats.out += nb_out;
139     }
140
141     return 0;
142 }
```

*Read from input queue*

*Write to output queue*

*Drop packet*



# Fastcapa-ng Runtime Configuration

```
{  
  protocol = 6;  
  protocol_mask = 255;  
  srcIP = "192.168.25.5";  
  srcIP_mask = 32;  
  dstIP = "192.168.25.4";  
  dstIP_mask = 32;  
  srcPort = 5201;  
  srcPort_mask = 5201;  
  dstPort = 10001;  
  dstPort_mask = 10001;  
  priority = 103;  
  
  flow_id = 3;  
  flow_id_mask = 65535;  
  ring_id = 3;  
  service_function = "sampling";  
  sampling_rate = 10; //meaning 1:10 downsampling  
  pipeline = 1;  
  service_core_in_pipeline = 0;  
  service_core_id = 2;  
  kafka_topic = "topic_flow3";  
},
```

## Sampling

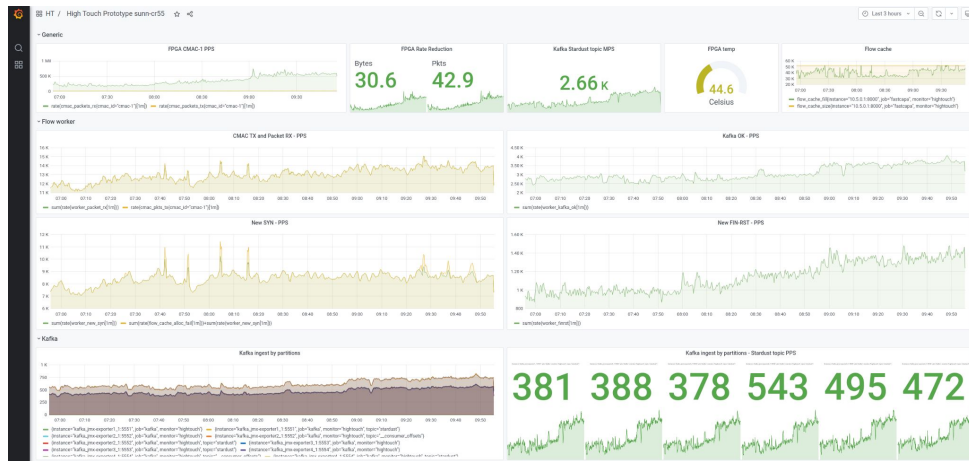
```
{  
  protocol = 6;  
  protocol_mask = 255;  
  srcIP = "192.168.25.4";  
  srcIP_mask = 32;  
  dstIP = "192.168.25.5";  
  dstIP_mask = 32;  
  srcPort = 10002;  
  srcPort_mask = 10002;  
  dstPort = 5202;  
  dstPort_mask = 5202;  
  priority = 102;  
  
  flow_id = 2;  
  flow_id_mask = 65535;  
  ring_id = 2;  
  service_function = "histogram";  
  resolution = 100; //ns for inter arrival  
  report_interval_tsc = 280000000; //CPU cycle count not actual  
  //report_interval_tsc = 280; //CPU cycle count not actual  
  pipeline = 0;  
  service_core_in_pipeline = 1;  
  service_core_id = 1;  
  kafka_topic = "topic_flow2";  
},
```

## Histogram

```
{  
  protocol = 6;  
  protocol_mask = 0;  
  srcIP = "0.0.0.0";  
  srcIP_mask = 0;  
  dstIP = "0.0.0.0";  
  dstIP_mask = 0;  
  srcPort = 0;  
  srcPort_mask = 65535;  
  dstPort = 0;  
  dstPort_mask = 65535;  
  priority = 1;  
  
  flow_id = 0;  
  flow_id_mask = 0;  
  ring_id = 0; //drop at flow_worker  
  service_function = "passthrough"; // "drop"  
  pipeline = 0;  
  service_core_in_pipeline = 0;  
  service_core_id = 0;  
  kafka_topic = "topic_drop";  
},
```

## Filter

# Fastcapa-ng Runtime Statistics



ESnet Fastcapa-ng

	in	in MPPS	queued	out	drops	ring space
[nic-port-0]	794580034485	0	0	0	0	0
[nic]	794580034485	0	0	0	0	0
[rx-worker-00]	55503	0.000000	0	55503	0	0
[rx-worker-01]	794579979214	0.458752	0	794579979214	0	0
[rx]	794580034717	0.458752	0	794580034717	0	0
[acl-worker-00]	55503	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[acl-worker-01]	794579979226	0.458752	0	794579979226	0	0
[acl]	794580034729	0.458752	0	794579979226	0	0
[flow-worker-00]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[flow-worker-01]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[flow-worker-02]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[flow-worker-03]	794579979242	0.458752	0	79457997925	0	0
[flow-worker-04]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[rings]	794579979242	0.458752	0	79457997925	0	0
[kafka-worker-00]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[kafka-worker-01]	79457997929	0.049152	0	78417537802	0	0
[kafka]	79457997929	0.049152	0	78417537802	0	0
[kafka-conn-worker-00]	0	0.000000	0	0	0	0
[kafka-conn-worker-01]	78417537802	0.049152	0	78417537802	0	0
[kaf-conn]	78417537802	0.049152	0	78417537802	0	0

Where are my packets?

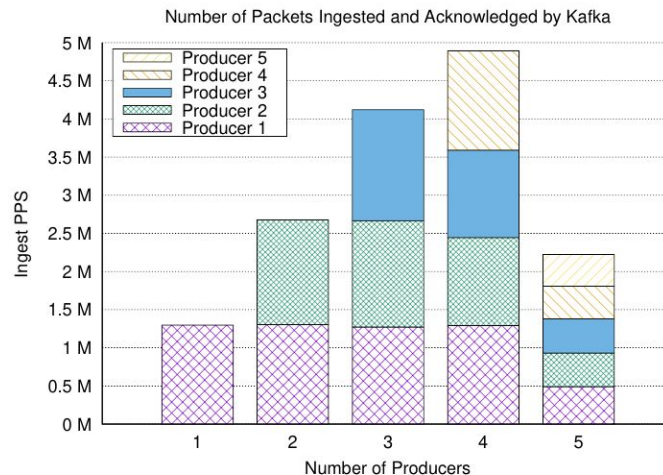


Fastcapa-ng pipeline statistics  
Also in Grafana via Prometheus



# Kafka Performance

- **Apache Kafka**: open-source distributed stream platform.
- Docker-compose for a single server:
  - bitnami/kafka (x6), bitnami/zookeeper (x3)
  - bitnami/jmx-exporter
  - prom/prometheus
  - grafana/grafana
- 5M messages per second Kafka ingest performance demonstrated on single server.
- Possible bottlenecks to go higher:
  - Librdkafka C client (inside Fastcapa-ng)
  - Docker proxy - network
  - CPU - Client and brokers share the host



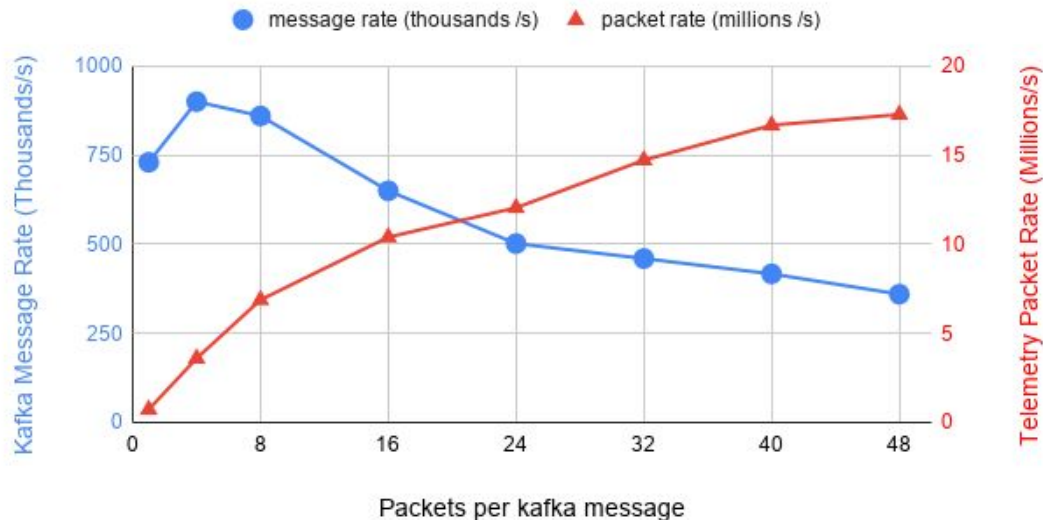
*~5M messages per second ingest  
untuned single server / 6 broker / parallel producers  
Kafka Benchmark tool, 64K message batches*

# Fastcapa's Kafka - going over 15M PPS

On top of **message batching** (handled by librdkafka), we need **packet batching** (handled by Fastcapa / client application).

*That means that one Kafka message contains multiple telemetry packets. Client application has to unpack.*

Single Kafka client performance using packet batching



# High Touch Application Programming

- High Touch Applications can be implemented using **Kafka Streams** - an easy way to program real-time applications on stream of data.
- Expressive, highly scalable and fault tolerant API that allows: aggregation, filtering, counting, grouping data...



```
int THRES = 10;
KTable<Windowed<String>, Long> SYNcounts = stream
    .filter((k, telemetry) -> telemetry.isSYN())
    .groupBy((k, telemetry) -> telemetry.getIPDstAddr())
    .windowedBy(TimeWindows.of(Duration.ofSeconds(5)))
    .count(Materialized.with(String(), Long()))
    .filter((key, value) -> value > THRES);
SYNcounts.toStream().to("syn-attacks");
```

*Example: High Touch SYN Flood Detection*



# Conclusion

- We are processing millions of telemetry messages per second
- Data ingest is handled by **Fastcapa-ng**, an ESnet DPDK + Kafka project
  - Multi-stage, multi-pipeline architecture with easy configurability
  - Executes stateful functions: sampling, histogram creation, etc.
  - We can push 15M telemetry messages to Kafka with a single server
- Kafka streams: high-level application programming on telemetry streams

**We are working on open-sourcing fastcapa-ng: targeting Fall 2021.**





Questions...

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